

Bioinformatique et biostatistiques appliquées à la biologie

Enseignements d'Immuno-informatique-
IMGT®, the international ImMunoGeneTics information system®

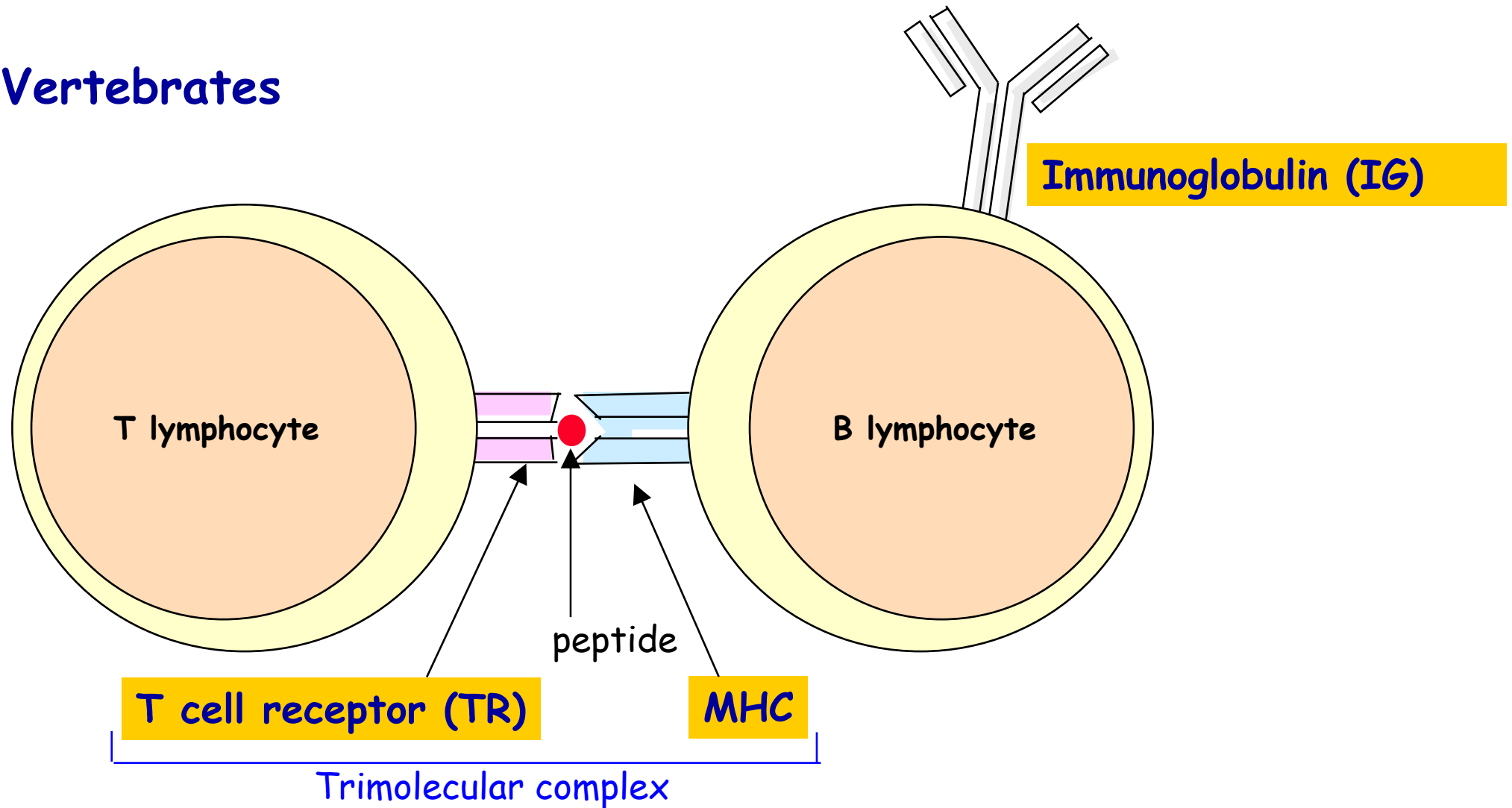
Séances : Vendredi 9 Novembre

Souphatta SASORITH

Structures 3D des complexes
trimoléculaires TR/pMHC

IMGT®: the adaptive immune response

Vertebrates



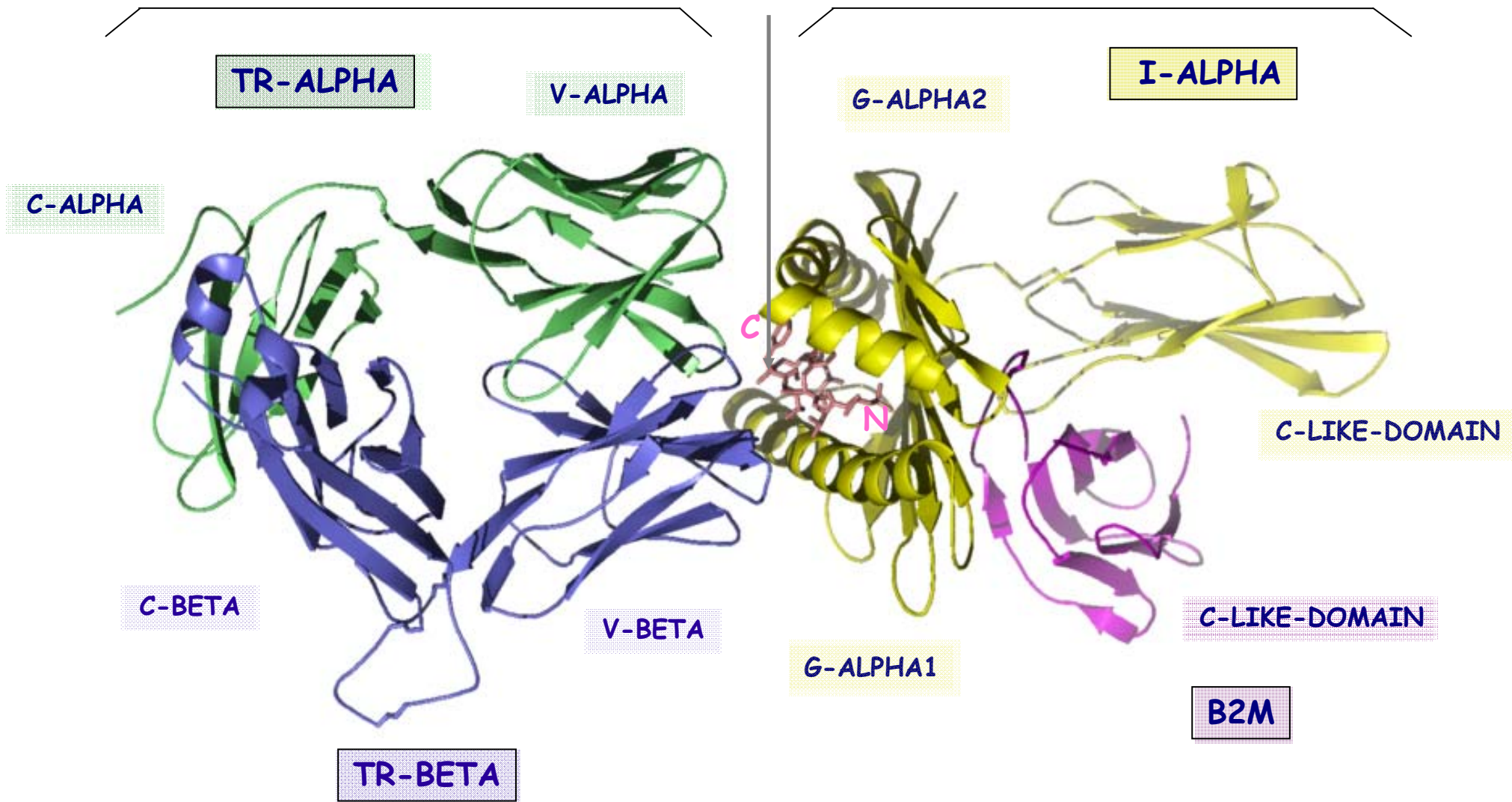
Presentation of peptides by the MHC to the T cell receptors (TR) at the surface of T cells.
→ characterization of the TR/peptide/MHC trimolecular complexes (TR/pMHC) is crucial

TR/peptide/MHC complex

T cell receptor (TR)

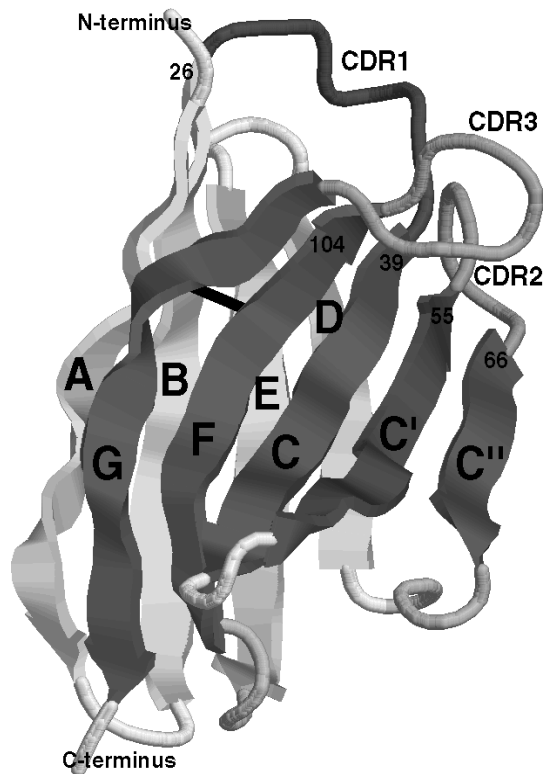
Peptide

MHC- I

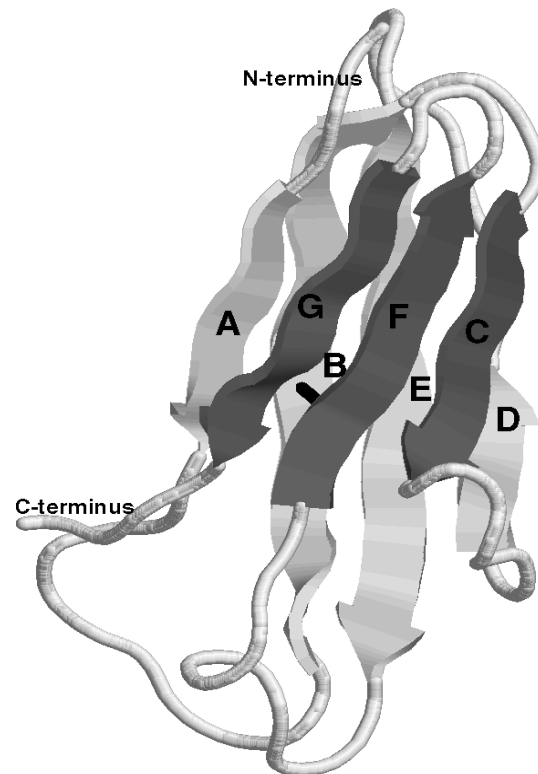


Structural domains (IG,TR et MHC)

V-DOMAIN (IG, TR)
AND
V-LIKE-DOMAIN
(other than IG, TR)



C-DOMAIN (IG, TR)
AND
C-LIKE-DOMAIN
(other than IG, TR)



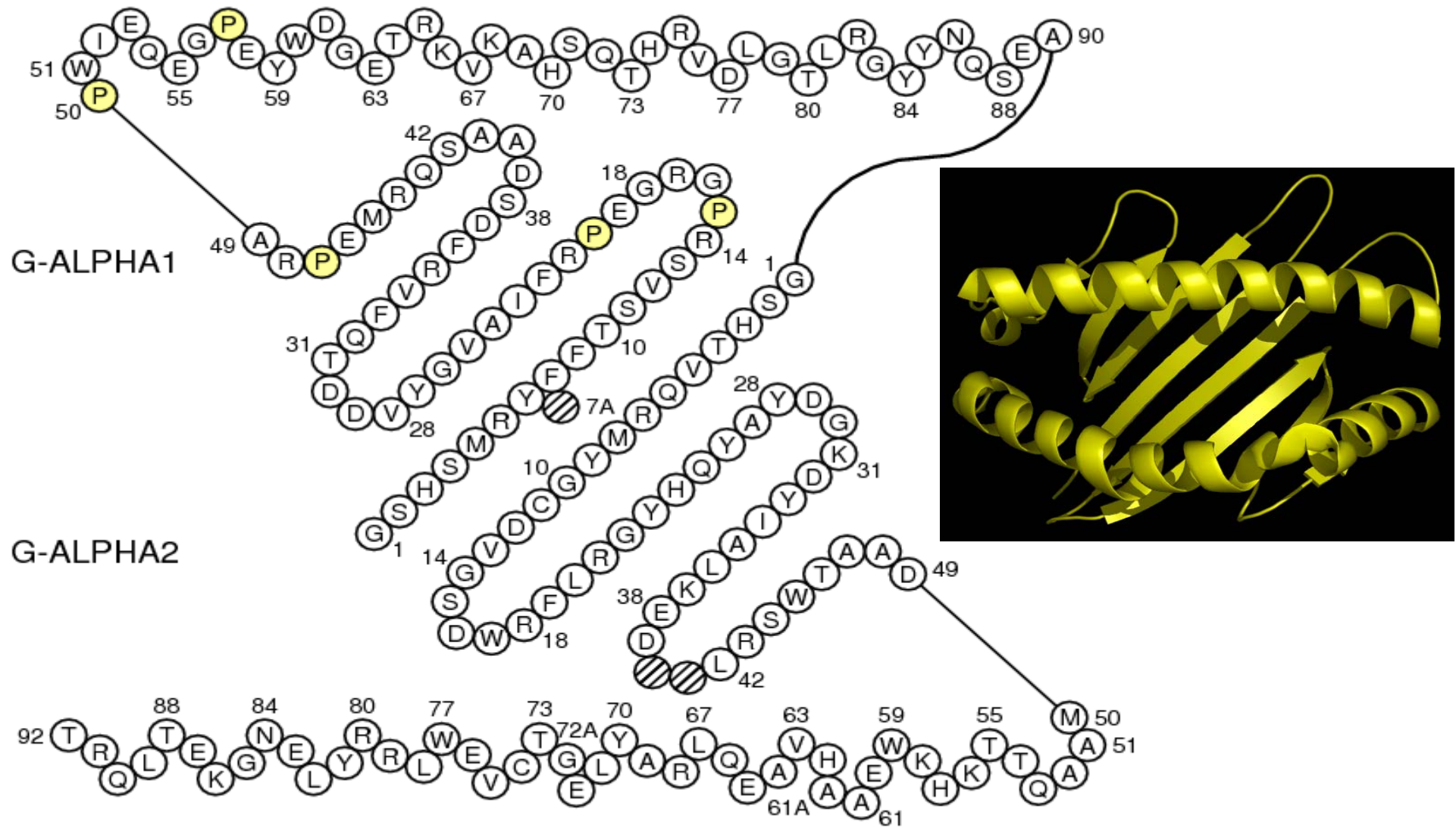
G-DOMAIN (MHC)
AND
G-LIKE-DOMAIN
(other than MHC)



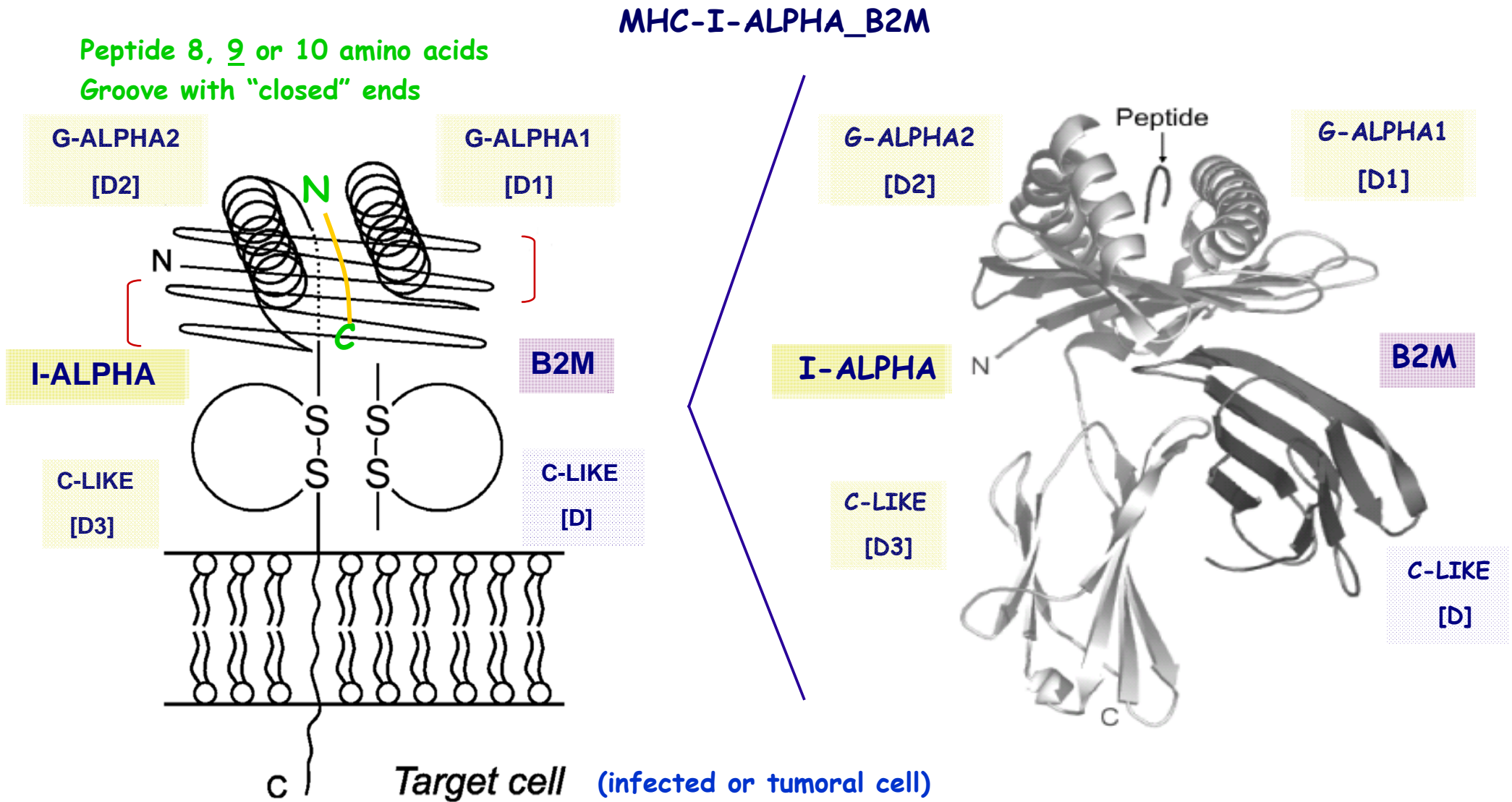
Immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF)

MHC superfamily (MhcSF)

G type domain and IMGT Collier de Perles



MHC-I chains and domains



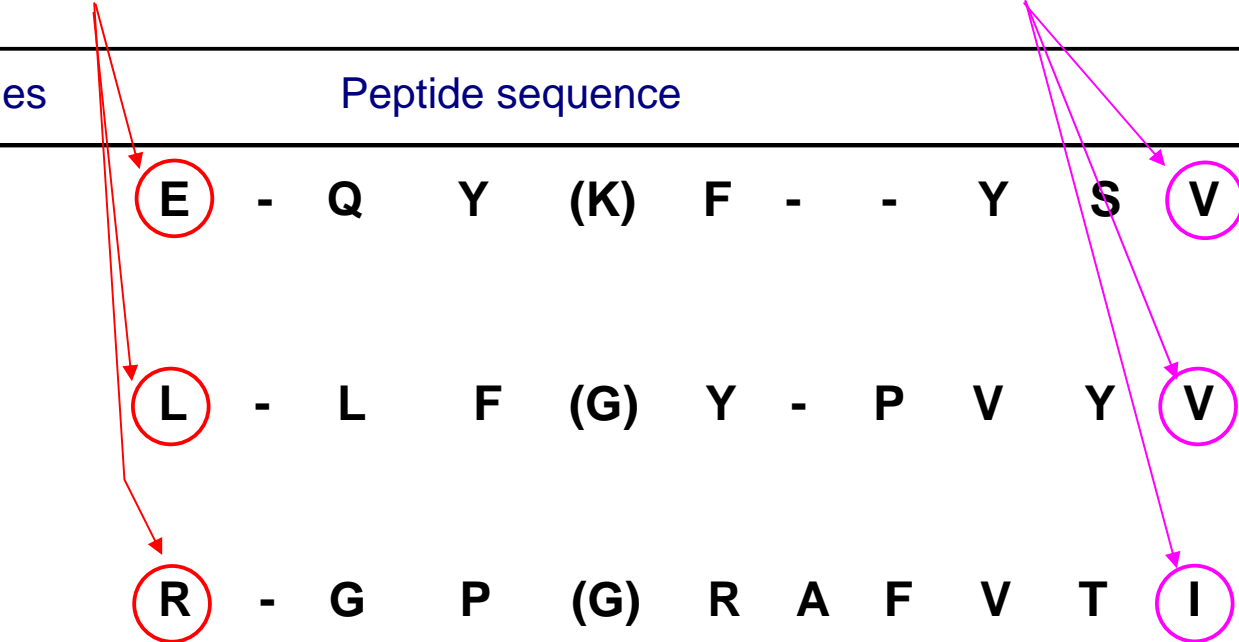
Lefranc et al., Dev. Comp. Immunol. 29, 917-938 (2005)

Peptide alignment

| | Number of residues | Peptide sequence |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| MHC-I | 8 amino acids 1jtr_Q | E - Q Y (K) F - - Y S V |
| | 9 amino acids 1ao7_C | L - L F (G) Y - P V Y V |
| | 10 amino acids 1bii_P | R - G P (G) R A F V T I |
| IMGT pMHC contact sites | | C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10 C11 |
| MHC-II | 13 amino acids 1j8h_C | P K Y V K Q (N) T - - L K L A T |

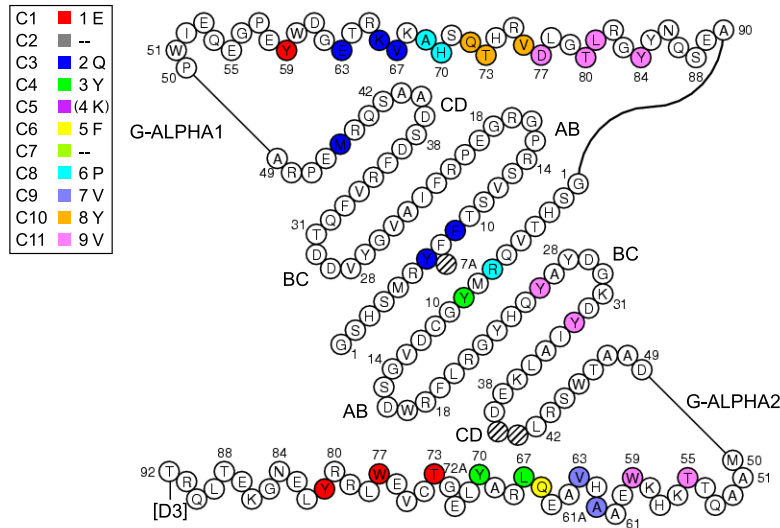
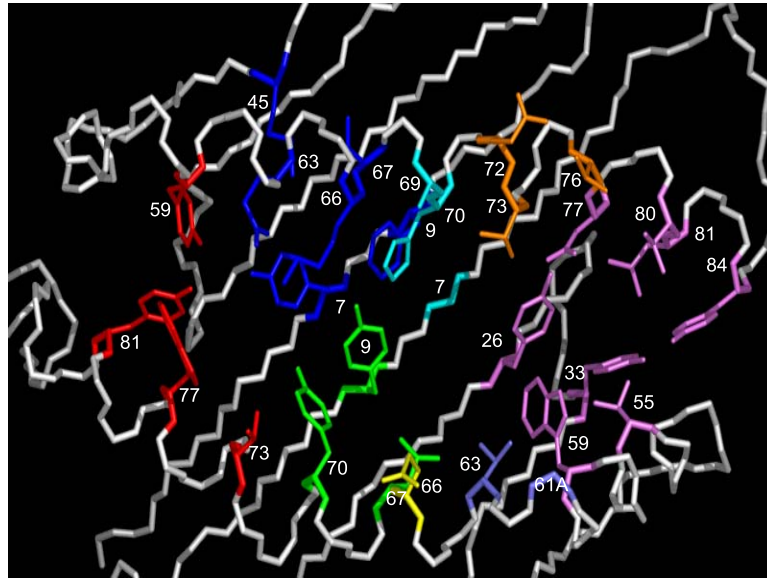
Pocket A

Pocket F



Kaas and Lefranc, In Silico Biology 5, 505-528 (2005)

IMGT Collier de Perles pMHC contact sites



Contacts between MHC-I and the peptide side chains for a 9-amino acid peptide. Views from above the cleft with G-A1 on top and G-A2 on bottom. In the box, C1 to C11 refer to contact sites in MHC-I 3D structures with 9-amino acid peptides. There is no C5 in this 3D structure as P4 does not contact MHC amino acids (4G is shown between parentheses in the box).

Kaas and Lefranc, In Silico Biology 5, 505-528 (2005)